



Natural Vitamin E

Net Weight 50 Lbs.

VTM-1100

MATRIX NUTRITION

DESCRIPTION:

Dry **NATURAL** Vitamin E 50%, Type SD is a free-flowing powder containing 500 IU vitamin E (dl-ox-tocopheryl acetate) per gram, finely dispersed in a matrix of hydrolyzed gelatin; the individual particles are coated with small amount of silicon dioxide.

INGREDIENTS:

D-alpha tocopherol acetate, citrus meal, silica

Manufactured for:
Matrix Nutrition, LLC
Phoenix, AZ 85019
(602)621-4944
www.matrixnutritionllc.com

Made in USA

Refer to Material Data Sheet

For Animal Use Only
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

TAKE TIME



**OBSERVE LABEL
DIRECTIONS**



Natural Vitamin E

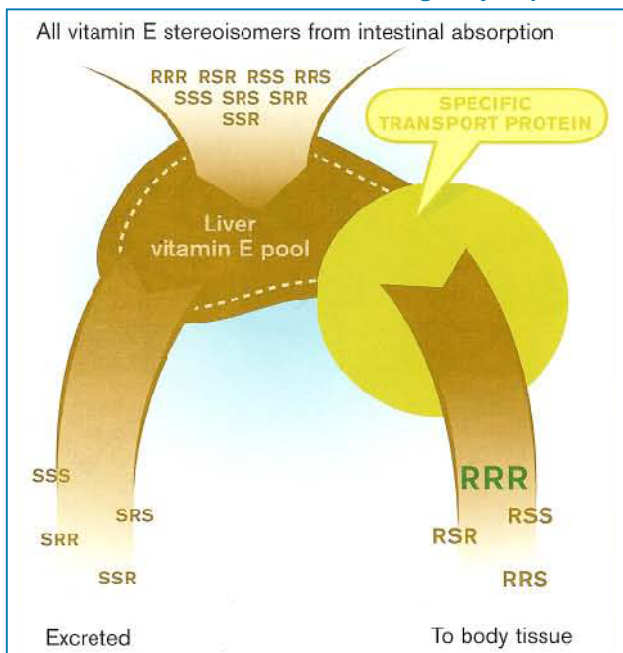
NATURAL VITAMIN E • NATURAL vs. SYNTHETIC

MATRIX NUTRITION

INTRODUCTION

Most manufactured vitamins produced as synthetics are made with the same molecular configuration as the natural forms. The synthetic molecules look and behave exactly the same as the natural molecules. Therefore, there is no difference in the effectiveness of the vitamins. This is not so for vitamin E. There are differences in the molecular structures of the two forms, which affect how well the vitamin is retained in the body and, in turn, its biological availability.¹

Natural-Source Vitamin E Is Biologically Superior



Owing to this discriminatory process, d-
-alphatocopherol, the natural form, is retained better and for longer time in the body when compared to the synthetic form. The bioavailability (availability for use by the body) is approximately 2:1 for natural-source vitamin E over synthetic vitamin E.³⁻⁴ To compensate for the lower retention of synthetic vitamin E, a person or animal would have to ingest twice the amount of synthetic vitamin E (by weight) to match the bioavailability of the natural form.

THE BIOLOGICAL DIFFERENCE

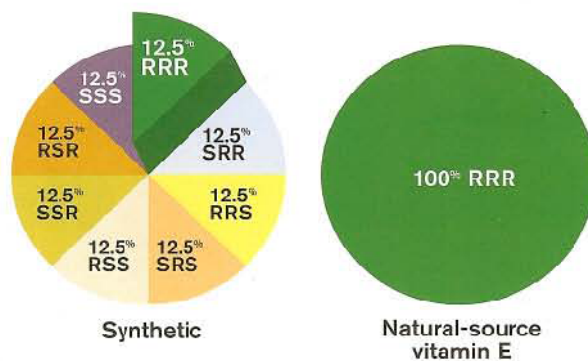
Both natural-source vitamin E and synthetic vitamin E are absorbed in the body. However, after absorption, a specific transport protein in the liver known as RRR-
-Tocopherol Transport Protein (α -TTP) recognizes the natural d-alpha-tocopherol and gives it priority over the synthetic forms.¹⁻² The unrecognized forms of synthetic vitamin E are preferentially excreted.³

THE CHEMICAL DIFFERENCE

Natural-source vitamin E is derived from vegetable oils, primarily soybean, canola, and sunflower oils. The vitamin E found in nature is known as d-alpha-tocopherol or more correctly, RRR-alpha-tocopherol. For maximum stability, RRR-alpha-tocopherol is converted to RRR-alpha-tocopheryl acetate for animal diets.

Synthetic vitamin E, commonly referred to as dl-alpha-tocopherol or all-rac-alpha-tocopherol, is a mixture of eight alpha-tocopherol stereo isomers in equal amounts. Only one of these stereo isomers, 12.5% of the total mixture, is RRR-
-alpha-tocopherol, the natural form. The remaining seven stereoisomers have different molecular configurations due to the chemical randomization in the manufacturing process.

Natural-Source Vitamin E Is Chemically Unique



DAIRY | BEEF | HORSE | POULTRY | SWINE | COMANION PET



Natural Vitamin E

NATURAL VITAMIN E • NATURAL vs. SYNTHETIC

MATRIX NUTRITION

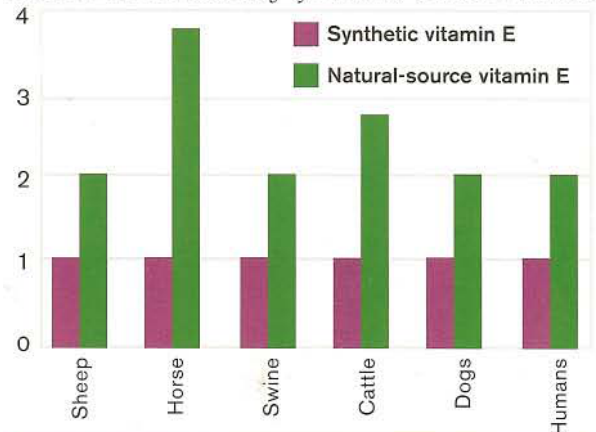
THE NATURAL ADVANTAGE

A number of recent studies have shown significant differences between natural-source vitamin E and synthetic vitamin E. They have also shown that natural source vitamin E is more efficiently used by the body than its synthetic counterpart. Simply put, the body has a preference for natural-source vitamin E over synthetic vitamin E.¹

ADM produces only natural-source vitamin E. In fact, ADM is the world's largest producer of natural source vitamin E, and you can be assured that ADM produces only the highest quality.

Natural-Source Vitamin E Is Biologically Superior

Relative Bio-Availability of Natural-Source Vitamin E



Natural and synthetic vitamin E in different animal species, based on plasma concentration

AVAILABLE PRODUCT OPTIONS

- VTM-1000 Vitamin E Oil 50%
- VTM-1100 Natural E 50
- VTM-5032 E-50 w/1340 Oil
- VTM-5033 E-30 w/1340 Oil
- VTM-5034 E-20 w/1340 Oil

SUMMARY

Natural-source vitamin E is:

- 100% d-alpha-tocopheryl acetate (RRR-alpha-tocopheryl acetate)
- Natural-source extracted from vegetable oil seeds
- Chemically unique and biologically superior
- Research has shown it improves:
 - Immune System Health
 - Antioxidant Protection
 - Reproduction
- Made in the USA

1. Human plasma and tissue alpha-tocopherol concentrations in response to supplementation with deuterated natural and synthetic vitamin E. Am J Clin Nutr 1998; 67:669-683.

2. Biokinetics of and discrimination between dietary RRR- and SRR-alpha-tocopherols in the male rat. Lipids 1987;22:163-172.

3. Absorption, lipoprotein transport and regulation of plasma concentrations of vitamin E in humans. J Lipid Res 1993;34:343-358.

4. Relative biological values of d-alpha-tocopheryl acetate and all-*rac*-alpha tocopheryl acetate in man. Am J Clin Nutr 1980;33:1856-1860.

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